





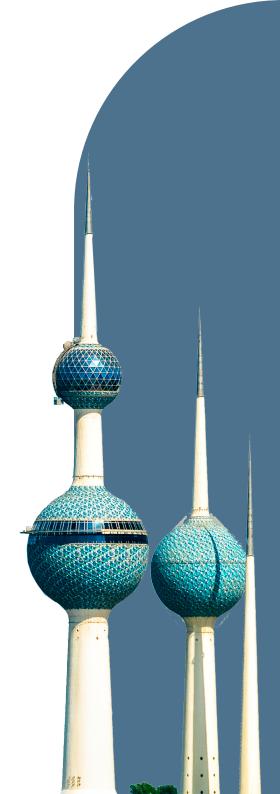
The Youth Forum for Integrity

A Comprehensive Vision for Future Generations





Recognizing the important role of youth in promoting transparency and integrity concepts, Kuwait Transparency Society in collaboration with "Nazaha," Kuwait Anti-Corruption Authority, launched the fifth edition of Nazaha Summer Club which included the Youth Forum for Integrity under the theme "Youth for Integrity, Partnership, and Learning" with the participation of media professionals, academics and content creators interested in integrity issues for a period of three days. The Forum included several lectures, debates and interventions that shaped a comprehensive approach of youth and integrity issues











Opening ceremony







The secretary general of Kuwait Anti-Corruption Authority Mr. Salem Ali Al-Ali opened the Forum activities by assuring that Nazaha seeks through its strategy to support programs that contribute to embrace creative potentials and to encourage the Youth who constitute a valuable asset for the State at the present and in the future, as well as to support them towards a national way of thinking that promotes transparency and integrity.

He was also pleased to inaugurate once more the activities of the fifth edition of Nazaha Summer Club that aims to effectively enable and guide the Youth to make efforts that promote integrity, transparency, accountability and anti-corruption.











He said: Today we are confident that learning and awareness of the risks of corruption and ways to prevent it are among the most important steps to combat corruption and spread a culture of integrity and transparency. Our presence today in such programs with experts and officials will open new horizons for young people to evaluate the current situation of the national integrity and transparency system, in addition to enhancing their awareness that fighting corruption is a national task and not limited to a particular entity.

Effects of Corruption on Youth

The chairman of Transparency Society, Majed Al-Mutairi, stated that young people play a crucial role in building a more just, fair and flexible world, in a space that promotes transparency and integrity, and contributes to combating corruption. The youth are also more affected by corruption than others, as corruption can affect their prospects for the future, hindering their access to quality education, good healthcare, and fair job opportunities. Corruption steals the future of over one billion young people around the world, equivalent to one million Kuwaiti young men and women and Immillion young people in the Arab Gulf as they can be a motive to change in attitude and behaviour.

He indicated that youth play a crucial role in developing and implementing innovative and creative efforts in development, governance, and fighting corruption worldwide, while civil society institutions play a vital role in expressing the identity and aspirations of youth and advocating for their empowerment as one of the pillars of the development process.

Youth Empowerment

The Chief Executive of IHS Kuwait, Dr. Khaled Al-Bana, stated the following: "the company's participation in









sponsoring the 0th Youth Workshops of "Nazaha" and Transparency Society stems from recognizing the value of youth as the future of the country, and we wanted to empower them with the means of good governance and sustainability by monitoring the causes and preventing corruption in various fields of work. That is why one of our company's pillars is anti-corruption, transparency, and sustainability, and that is why we are participating as an official sponsor of the workshop.

He also stated that the company's vision is to enhance communications in economic growth and social development, and that they are committed to conducting all their operations in an innovative, ethical, responsible, independent, and transparent way with a focus on the four pillars. Education and good governance are among these important pillars that provide our strategy framework for sustainability and related partnerships.











Day One:

The first session, moderated by the civil society organizations observer in "Nazaha" Yasmin Al-Sharhan, focused on "Preparing a generation with the ability to build." The topics discussed included:

1. The quality of education and available education opportunities.

- Educational opportunities available for the job market.
- Useful and rare specialisations.

2- Integrity standards in the educational process

- Reform of the educational system
- Transparency and performance quality in educational institutions
- Development of educational curricula
- The role of development, awareness, and education

3- Education of the Future

- Characteristics and requirements of future education
- Measures to achieve requirements of future education
- Areas of development
- Development of creative education and providing a creative environment for learning











Additionally, Saudi Shura Council member **Dr. Mohammed al-Abbas** stated that the financial collapses that occurred in the United States in $\Gamma \cdots$ had a significant impact on higher education institutions there and consequently everyone became aware of the importance of integrity issues and the concept of transparency expanded. He also stated that we started hearing about the gap between the demands of the job market and educational outputs, which is a significant challenge if we consider the collapses of three American banks.

Furthermore, he mentioned that he has worked for about ryears on education-related issues and spent his youth in government case files. He noted that institutional quality and excellence have been subject to prolonged debate. He explained that he has been searching for the best definition of quality for years and concluded that it is "the ability to detect the error and the ability to declare it."

He expressed his regret that sometimes those who practice quality cheat in order to obtain accreditation certificates because accreditation is more important to them than quality.











Meanwhile, **Dr. Fatima Al-Hashem**, a faculty member at the College of Engineering and Petroleum, said that linking education to the job market needs to be reconsidered because there must be a comprehensive vision from the state towards education. She pointed out that Kuwait's job market faces great challenges with globalisation and the entry of computers, and therefore education must be looked at in its early stages because unfortunately, education in Kuwait is still traditional despite what we have been through during COVID- 19 pandemic, and no one is thinking of building a generation of engineers.

She considered that the substitution process is done in an inappropriate manner because we are creating a convincing facade, and we need to reconsider the job description in the civil service and the correct vision begins with activating the role of the Higher Education Council. She emphasized the need for declaring the error and reporting it in order to build people and a job market, not just to meet the needs of this market, because Kuwait must enter the regional and international competition market.



Dr. Hashem spoke about the "From Here We Start" initiative that was launched during the COVID-19 pandemic, saying: "The first shock to me was when education was disrupted during the pandemic, and I couldn't answer the questions that were directed to me at that time, although i spent 10 years of my professional career, which lasted for 19 years, in reforming education".

She added: I went to schools in Umm Al-Haiman, Al-Firdous, and Jleeb Al-Shiyoukh, and lived the reality when I, as a science teacher, taught 18 courses, for three classes of 45 students each.

She considered that the teacher still lives within the traditional framework in education because he is confined to specific subjects and not the curriculum, expressing her pride in the Kuwaiti staff who participated with her in the campaign.









Meanwhile, Qatari **journalist Khalifa Al-Mahmoud** said that education is the concern of all Gulf countries and the most pressing issue. Al Mahmoud reviewed Japan's experience after World War II, where the Japanese established constants for themselves that included the imperial system and education. American soldiers would watch Japanese teachers without any resources, and this was the generation that built Japan.

He also addressed the issue of sending students abroad, stating that those who were sent were not adequately prepared, and therefore many returned with Western ideas. He emphasized that governments are responsible for preparing the physical and human resources, the vision, and the plan.

Meanwhile, a representative from the Kuwaiti Association for Quality Education and a member of the faculty in the Public Authority for Applied Education and Training, Engineer Raad Al-Saleh, said that the association has exposed corruption since its establishment in [-1].



He pointed out that although the responsible authorities are the ones capable of regulation and implementation, the association has made significant efforts to combat fake certificates and stand against all harmful educational practices, as well as organizing awareness-raising seminars and activities, amongst which the national campaign against fake certificates.

He added: "We have raised issues and crushed fake certificates, and lodged complaints against the Ministry of Education supported by nearly FO. documents. The association has even announced its readiness to bear the costs of cheating detection devices, but we have not received any response. We have also proposed a law to ban the use of unaccredited academic certificates and establish an accreditation and academic inspection committee".

He noted that now we find that about \mathcal{E}_{+},\cdots students are accused of cheating, and we have discovered that there are teachers and department heads who use earphones to help them cheat, stressing that we cannot say that we want good education if we do not fight corruption in education.







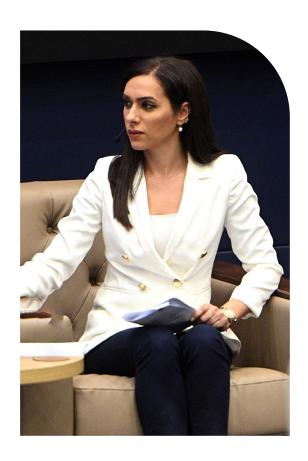




Day two:

The second day's session, "Mobilizing technology for the public good," led by **Mrs. Manayer Al-Qallaf,** included the following topics

- 1. Social competition in the digital realm
- 2. The role of modern media in enhancing transparency
- 3. Opportunities for young people to express themselves through technology
- 4. The impact of social media networks on youth
- 5. Good governance in the environment of youth training and empowerment.













In turn, journalist and presenter on Al Jazeera channel, **Ali Al-Zafiri**, said that the impact of social media is now a given, but the space it occupies is unregulated while considering that honesty is integrity and free from contradictions in all aspects, and that the role of the media is to emphasize honesty because governments address their people through the media.

He pointed out that the main problem is the decline of government media, with a weak impact of private media at a time when we find unknown news services, and the danger lies in not knowing the regulations that these services operate under.

He considered that social media is the first influencer in events, and that incomplete information prevents the formation of an organized public opinion, and thus honesty has become a lost social value.



Al-Zafiri asked: "Who holds social media accountable in the event of providing incorrect information? And do we allow ourselves to expose our bodies to a doctor whose scientific degree has not been verified by us? Therefore, we should not leave society to incompetent individuals, as journalism is a more dangerous profession than medicine and other professions that affect a certain segment of the community and not the society as a whole like the media does.

He pointed out that Kuwait is a stronghold of journalism, freedom and media, praising the Gulf society which is a model in terms of urban development, modernity and participation in wealth.

He said that discussions about regulations on social media should only happen when those platforms become media outlets, otherwise personal use is a different matter.









Meanwhile, the presenter on Al-Hadath channel, **Mrs.Tahanee Al-Juhani**, said that there are TV programs based on reviewing what is presented on social media sites, and noted that some countries have succeeded in regulating the work of influencers and content creators on those sites.

She cited Saudi Arabia which has a law that regulates the work of those who provide content on social media sites, in order to minimize risks to society.

She also pointed out that social media sites, especially Snapchat, have created an economic gap between people, with uneducated individuals earning huge amounts while those with higher degrees do not earn as much as social media celebrities.

She praised the efforts of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia in promoting all the achievements taking place in the country, noting that media is based on talent and cumulative building.













Meanwhile, **Dr. Dari Al-Hwayel**, an associate professor in the Department of Information Science at the College of Life Sciences in Kuwait University, stated that the role of media is important and requires a discussion of discipline issues because social media allows us to enter every home if we use it properly.

It is not permissible to delve into any topic without evidence or sources. He also emphasized the importance of self and social regulation because the state cannot do everything, but it only facilitates and regulates the process. Without the role of civil society in many crucial issues, things would not be as they are.

He touched upon the importance of artificial intelligence, considering it a door of good and with time we will be able to distinguish between false and true information. He noted that there are accounts that provide irrelevant content that does not contribute to anything, yet we find that what they present becomes a "trend", and those accounts do not have the courage to apologise when it becomes apparent that what is being broadcasted is not true. He also pointed out that regulation should not be a sword hanging over our heads, and what we want is a larger space of freedom accompanied by greater responsibility.





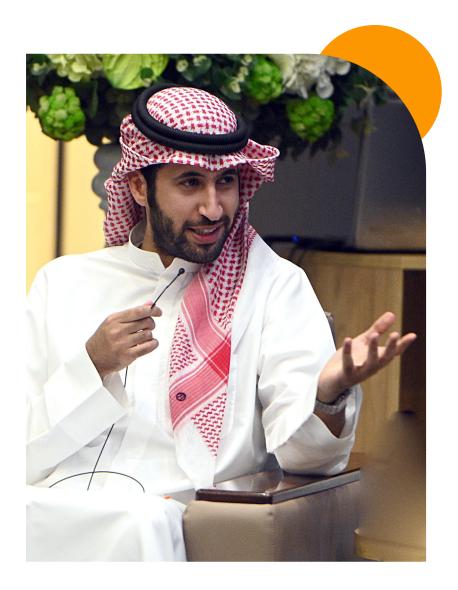




"Content creators have to show credibility because comments may convey inaccurate information on their behalf," said **content creator Abdulrahman Al-Badah**. He warned that there is a wide field for manipulation in the media, which is why credibility is important.

It is possible to present effective content in an attractive way because such content is not necessarily burdensome. He emphasised that Kuwait has creative young people in all fields and they are being employed in all countries of the Gulf.

He asked Kuwaiti government agencies to change their traditional perspective on media and engage Kuwaiti youth who have proved their worth in content creation, with a focus on educating people about honesty and media-related issues.











Third Day:

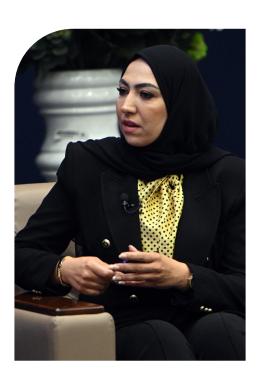
On the third day, a seminar called "Safe and Resilient Communities" was moderated by journalist Mrs. Rawiya Sharafeddine who discussed the following topics:

1- Youth and National Integrity

- Code of Conduct Standards
- Enhancing the role of young people in decision making

2- Engaging Youth in Decision Making

- Integration, Protection, and Participation
- Empowering young people to integrate and participate in development plans.













In turn, the spokesperson for HIS, **Mr. Bab Mamadou**, emphasised that the challenges related to integrity and anti-corruption are faced daily, even if they take the form of small tests. He stated that decision-making is not just a mental process, but is based on facts and experience, and that the challenge we face is to make our youth compatible with values of integrity, which is what we encourage our employees to strive for because the company has values of integrity, transparency, honesty, and zero tolerance for bribery, as well as disclosure of any violation because integrity requires it.

We have established a code of ethics program in our company to adhere to these values and have appointed some people to create a code of conduct to address issues related to gifts and conflict of interests. He mentioned that the company has obtained the ISO standard certificate. He considered the presence of corruption manifestations to be related to several issues, including the educational and healthcare systems, pointing out that the company has a technology-oriented vision that is integrated and we are keen to provide a high level of commitment and credibility without dealing with any company that has reputational risks.

He emphasised the importance of protecting information and not leaking it to the public, stressing the need to pay attention to responsible use of technology.











On her part, the Assistant Secretary General for Prevention at "Nazaha", **Mrs. Abrar Al Hammad,** stated that the starting point for the world was the movement launched by the United Nations to establish an anti-corruption agreement noting that the most important is to take

preventive steps against corruption.

She pointed out that the slogan "fighting corruption is a shared responsibility" has become a practical reality, and this requires people to know what is required of them to combat corruption. She indicated that the prevention sector is primarily working on an awareness system. She also noted that "Nazaha" has developed a strategy to combat corruption, which consists of projects distributed among everyone, by collaborating with civil society organisations, the youth being a major part of it. She added that we are lucky to have a positive and organised civil society which we can boast about to Gulf Cooperation Council countries, making partnership with them a tool for delivering information.

It was highlighted that we must dedicate ourselves to the concept that our role is not to change people, but to change ourselves. The code of conduct is one of the important tools in both public and private institutions, and therefore, it is important to have ethical values in the curriculum while training on the ability to discriminate, as this has become a daily test.

It was considered that the code of conduct is the easiest and simplest means to gather principles and everything the employee needs, while also pointing out that volunteer work itself requires a code of conduct.



It was also considered that the field most related to technological development is media, as it is a means of awareness, but for it to be an effective tool, it must be characterized by integrity, as it is an important source for exposing corruption.









Meanwhile, the social activist and writer Mrs. Fajr Al-Khalifa stated that we do not need more legislation as we already have an abundance of it. However, what is needed is to provide protection for women and equal opportunities for those who occupy only %VV of leadership positions, as there is an unwritten custom of granting men leadership positions.

She called for reinforcing values of integrity through media, praising Kuwait's first position in youth development which is considered a significant leap. She emphasised the necessity of involving youth and women in decision-making because their involvement achieves social security and peace and breaks the stagnation faced by some countries due to high age rates of some leaders.









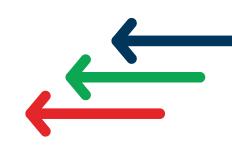


On another hand, in the "Youth Initiatives for Change" seminar, moderated by **Dr. Fahad Al-Rakib**, the topics included

- Successful voluntary youth practices
- Youth participation in public life and their representation in state institutions
- Supporting the process of formulating and implementing national policies and strategies for youth that would be comprehensive across various sectors and at all levels
- Contributions of youth to Kuwaiti history



Al-Rakib confirmed that corruption is organized and requires a national project to combat it, because this fight must come from all government agencies.











In turn, a representative of the Tarahom team, **Mr. Daud Al-Kharaz** said that the team started with personal efforts at the beginning of the Syrian crisis, noting that the team's management consists of 20 to 30 people. He showed that there are those who work in volunteering seeking the pleasure of God, and there are those who work for themselves, and there are those who work just to pass the time.











The president of the Kuwaiti Heritage Association, Mr. Fahad Al-Abdulialil, said that any association for public benefit aims to attract young people, but attracting young people in the field of heritage is difficult. However, what we are trying to do is revive old professions and crafts despite all the difficulties we face. He emphasized that these crafts are part of the national identity, pointing to the role of Kuwaiti youth during the plague year, where they carried out extensive relief operations. He also pointed out that the first Kuwaiti student mission was in 1939 to Cairo with support from the Kuwaiti Encyclopedia Department, which was headed by Sheikh Abdullah Al-Jaber at the time. Among this mission was the poet Ahmed Al-Adwani. Later, the Kuwaiti House was established in Cairo and it issued a magazine, the Mission Magazine, which was one of the oldest student magazines, and he explained that these students were the ones who led the intellectual and scientific movement afterwards.











In turn, the manager of the Volunteer Work Department at the General Authority for Youth, **Mr. Walid Al-Ansari**, said that volunteering is a world in itself that needs a lot of work. He pointed out that in 2019, the National Policy for Volunteer Work began, which later turned into a strategy for volunteer work.

He noted that the mechanism of volunteer work is dispersed among different entities, stating that the strategy has made the various state entities obligated to adhere to the standards mentioned in it because it will constitute the support for those who want to work properly.











Representative of LOYAC, **Ahmed Abdulmohsen**, said that LOYAC's goal is to qualify young people and create a healthy environment by providing various strategies while considering the requirements of the job market. He pointed out that LOYAC is a non-profit organization that was founded in 2002 by seven women who wanted to help young people and create volunteering opportunities for them. He added that LOYAC cooperates with many international organizations such as the United Nations and the European Union.











Recommendations:

- 1- Governing educational institutions to increase their efficiency and ensure their integrity.
- 2- Promoting creativity and innovation in the education system, focusing on vocational education, and encouraging young people to engage in it.
- 3- Encouraging young people and students to pursue self-education after academic education and develop their cultural knowledge and intellectual horizons.
- 4- Enhancing education integrity by combating all forms of corruption in education and adopting related supervisory systems.
- 5- Developing educational visions and plans that align with the needs of the modern era and the job market.
- 6- Highlighting the importance of artificial intelligence and information technology and their positive role in social development.
- 7- Regulating oversight and accountability on social media in the dissemination of information and news bulletins.
- 8- Conducting training courses on adhering to ethical standards and professional journalism for new journalists through the Ministry of Information's portal or civil society institutions.
- 9- Activating behavior blogs for media work has become an urgent need to enhance self-regulation of journalists.
- 10- Activating the use of social media in reporting corruption issues.









Media coverage in daily newspapers and media platforms.



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تمكين وتوجيه الشباب نحو جهود تعزز

الشفافية والمساءلة ومنع الفساد

نزاهة تطلق النادي الصيفي الخامس

افتتحت الهيئة العامة لمكافحة الفساد (نزاهة) نادي النزاهة اليوم الصيفي الخامس

تحت شعار "الشباب من أجل النزاهة

والشراكة والتعلم"، بالتعاون مع جمعية الشفافية الكويتية والقطاع الخاص خلال

شاركت الجمعية الكويتية للتراث صباح اليوم الاثنين في فعاليات منتدى الشباب من أجل النزاهة وتحت شعار " الشباب من أجل النزاهة و الشراكة و التعلم " وذلك في مقر الهيئة العامة لمكافحة الفساد - نزاهة

بمنطقة الشامية.







#الكويت





نزاهة" تختتم نادي النزاهة الصيفي الخامس بـ10 توصيات.





تحت شعار "الشباب من أجل النزاهة والشراكة والتعلم".. انطلاق نادى النزاهة الصيفي الخامس

أ.د. محمد آل عباس - عضو مجلس الشوري - #المملكة_العربية_السعودية





"نزاهة" تختتم نادي النزاهة الصيفي الخامس بـ10 توصيات اختتمت الهيئة العامة لمكافحة الفساد (نزاهة)، اليوم، فعاليات نادي النزاهة الصيفي الخامس الذي أقيم بالتعاون مع جمعية الشفافية الكويتية والقطاع الخاص خلال من 29 إلى 31 مايو 2023 تحت شعار "الشباب من أجل النزاهة والشراكة والتعلم".









شكراً لجمعية الشفافية والهيئة العامة لمكافحة الفساد نزاهة على تكريمي اليوم في منتدى الشباب من أجل النزاهة والشراكة. ممتنة لحضور ندوة المتحدث د. محمد آل عباس عضو مجلس الشوري السعودي و السيد/ خليفة آل محمود من دولة قطر والدكتورة فاطمة الهاشمي والسيد/ بشار العثمان من دولة الكويت. المنتدي عزز دور الشباب في التنمية وساهم في تمكينهم للاندماج والمشاركة في الشفافية والتعليم. نحن بحاجة إلى تعزيز القضايا المهمة للشباب وتوفير الفرص لهم لتحقيق إمكاناتهم الكاملة. شكراً لكم على هذه الفعالية المهمة!



🤣 السياسة الإلكتروني

الشفافية والمساءلة ومنع الفساد نزاهة تطلق النادي الصيفي الخامس

افتتحت الهبئة العامة لمكافحة الفساد (نزاهة) نادي النزاهة اليوم الصيفي الخامس تحت شعار "الشباب من أجل النزاهة والشراكة والتعلم"، بالتعاون مع جمعية

الشفافية الكويتية والقطاع الخاص خلال









Media coverage in daily newspapers and media platforms.



* [هيئة نزاهة تطلق النادي الصيفي

* افتتحت الهيئة العامة لمكافحة الفساد (نزاهة) نادي النزاهة اليوم الصيفي الخامس تحت شعار "الشباب من أجل النزاهة والشراكة والتعلم" بالتعاون مع جمعية الشفافية الكويتية والقطاع الخاص خلال الفترة من 29 إلى 31 مايو 2023 بمقر الهيئة







نزاهة" تختتم نادي النزاهة الصيفي الخامس ىـ10 توصىات.

اختتمت الهبئة العامة لمكافحة الفساد (نزاهة)، اليوم، فعاليات نادي النزاهة الصيفي الخامس الذي أقيم بالتعاون مع جمعية الشفافية الكويتية والقطاع الخاص خلال من 29 إلى 31 مايو 2023 تحت شعار "الشباب من أجل النزاهة والشراكة والتعلم".





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nazaha.gov.kw/AR/Lists/News/...

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[هيئة نزاهة تطلق النادي الصيفي الخامس]

(نزاهة) نادي النزاهة اليوم الصيفي الخامس

افتتحت المبئة العامة لمكافحة الفساد

تحت شعار "الشباب من أجل النزاهة

والشراكة والتعلم"، بالتعاون مع جمعية

الشفافية الكويتية والقطاع الخاص خلال

الفترة من 29 إلى 31 مايو 2023 بمقر الهيئة

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instagram.com/reel/Cs6VSpeon

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ا [هيئة نزاهة تطلق النادي الصيفي

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المصدر: هيئة مكافحة الفساد - نزاهة



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ىـ10 توصىات. اختتمت الهيئة العامة لمكافحة الفساد (نزاهة)، اليوم، فعاليات نادى النزاهة الصيفي

نزاهة" تختتم نادي النزاهة الصيفي الخامس

الخامس الذي أقيم بالتعاون مع جمعية الشفافية الكويتية والقطاع الخاص خلال من 29 إلى 31 مايو 2023 تحت شعار "الشباب من أجل النزاهة والشراكة والتعلم".



-حوكمة المؤسسات التعليمية بما يرفع من كفاءتها ويضمن نزاهتها -تعزيز الإبداع والابتكار في نظام التعليم والاهتمام بالتعليم المهني

الخامس «الشباب من أجل النزاهة والشراكة

شفق @Shafak_News

تعلن (نزاهة) عن تنظيم نادي النزاهة

جمعية الشفافية

@NAZAHA GOV KW

الصيفي الخامس تحت شعار "الشباب من

أجل النزاهة والشراكة والتعلم" بالتعاون مع

لحضور فعالية نادئ النزاهة الصيفئ

الشباب من أجل النزاهة والشراكة والتعلم

خلال الفترة من 29 إلى 31 مايو 2023

من الساعة 9:30 صباحاً إلى 12:30 ظهراً

في مقر الهيئة العامة لمكافحة الفساد (نزاهة) بالشامية

على الراغبين في حضور الفعالية التسجيل على الرابط التالي

http://transparency.org.kw/ar/03/nzaha-club23/

«نزاهة» تختتم نادي النزاهة الصيفي

والتعلم» بمجموعة من التوصيات

جريدة أصحاب الهمم نيوز @alhemamkw?











NEWS KTV

@newsktv

Media coverage in daily newspapers and media platforms.



تعلن (نزاهة) عن تنظيم نادي النزاهة الصيفي الخامس تحت شعار "الشباب من أجل النزاهة والشراكة والتعلم" بالتعاون مع

تعلن (نزاهة) بالتعاون مع جمعية الشفافية عن فتح باب التسجيل لحضور فعالية نادى النزاهة الصيفى الشباب من أجل النزاهة والشراكة والتعلم

خَلَالُ الفَتَرةَ مِنْ 29 إلى 31 مايو 2023 في مقر الهيئة العامة لمكافحة الفساد (نزاهة) بالشامية

على الراغبين في حضور الفعالية التسجيل على الرابط التالي

http://transparency.org.kw/ar/03/nzaha-club23/

جمعية الشفافية

@NAZAHA_GOV_KW









نادى «نزاهة» الصيفي يوصي بتفعيل استخدام وسأتِّل الُتواصل الآجتمَّاءيُّى فيُّ الإبلاغ عن قضاياً

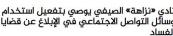
مان عبد المعبود (MENAFN- Al-Anbaa

تَسليطُ الْصُوءَ عَلَى أَهمية الذكاء الاصطناعي وتَكنولُوجيا المعلومات ودورها الإيجابي في تتميه المجتمعية. ضبط الرقابة والمحاسبة بوسائل التواصل الاجتماعي في تداول المعلومات والنشرات الإخبارية.

- ميدا الرفاية والمخاسية بوستال للواصل الجراعاتي في دلاول المعتومات والسترات والجراية وأقامة دورات الإعداد البينة حول الالتأثير المدارية المجارة المدارية المدارية المدارية الدائمة الدائمة الدائمة - تقميل استخدام وسائل القواصل الالجراعات المدارية المدارية المدارية الدائمة الدائمة الدائمة الدائمة الإعدادية وماء الخالم المحاركات عدد للسائل التأمل الالجراعات في المدارية الثانية المدارية المدارية المدارية المدارية المدارية المدارية المدارية المدارية المدارية التأمل المدارية المدا

يُّيس شركة IHS بابا مامادو ديالو، والناشطة الاجتماعية فجر الخليفة. وتطرقت الجلسة الأخرى إلى الممارسات الشبابية التطوعية الناجحة بمشاركة رئيس ح الجليل، ورئيس فريق تراحم التطوعى داوود الخراز، ومدير إدارة العما تَطوعي في الهيئة العامة وليد الْأنصاري، ومساعد مدير قسم التواصل في مؤسسةً لوياك أحـ







الحالدة

مسمحتم على المحتفظة) حدث عبد المعبود. ختتمت الهيئة العامة لمكافحة الفساد (نزاهة) فعاليات نادي نزاهة الصيفي الخامس الذي أة التعاون مع جمعية الشفافية الكويتية والقطاع الخاص من 29 إلى 31 مايو 2023 تحت شعار «الشباب من أجل اللزاهة والشراكة والتعلم»، وذلك بإطلاق مجموعة من التوصيات كما يلي: - حوكمة المؤسسات التعليمية بما يرفع من كعاداتها ويضمن دراطتها، تعزيز الإبداع والابتكار في نظام التعليم والاهتمام بالتعليم المسلمي وتشجيع الشباب للانخراط فيه، وتشجيع الشباب والطلبة على التعليم الذاتي بمد التمليم الأكاديمي وتلمية سقف الثقافة وآفاق الفرد المعرفيا - تعزيز نزاهة التعليم من خلال محاربة كافة أوجه الفساد في التعليم وتبني أنظمة الرقابة فيها، مع وضع رؤية وخطط تعليمية تتماشى مع احتياجات العصر الحديث وسوق العمل،



أ.د. محمد آل عباس - عضو مجلس الشوري - #المملكة العربية السعودية

تحت شعار "الشباب من أجل النزاهة

والشراكة والتعلم".. انطلاق نادي النزاهة

#وزارة_الإعلام_الأخبار

#العالم_هذا_الصباح ..

الصيفي الخامس









«الشباب من أجل النزاهة والشراكة والتعلُّم».

ويتضمن النادى المقام في مقر الهيئة عددا من الفعاليات والبرامج التثقيفية الهادفة ورسوما كاريكاتيرية بالتعاون مع جمعية الشفافية الكويتية، لابراز الدور الوطني لمكافحة









Media coverage in daily newspapers and media platforms.















Media coverage in daily newspapers and media platforms.

